Department of State

- (3) SEVIS to Non-SEVIS transfer. When the transfer sponsor is not enrolled in SEVIS and the current sponsor is a SEVIS-enrolled sponsor, a transfer is enacted as follows:
- (i) The exchange visitor shall notify the current sponsor of the intention to transfer.
- (ii) Upon verification of current status and eligibility to transfer, the transfer sponsor shall create a non-SEVIS Form DS-2019 and submit it to the transfer sponsor for the release of the exchange visitor by acquiring a signature in Section 8 of the Form.
- (iii) The transfer is required to update the exchange visitor's SEVIS record by recording the effective date of transfer; name and program number of the transfer sponsor; and, name of the responsible officer/alternate responsible officer of the transfer (non-SEVIS) sponsor requesting the transfer as noted on the four-color, four-page paper Form DS-2019.
- (4) The transfer sponsor will provide the exchange visitor with the pink copy of the Form DS-2019 and submit the yellow copy of the form to the Department.

§62.77 Reinstatement.

- (a) Reinstatements will continue to be handled in accordance with the procedures established in §62.45. A SEVIS reinstatement is processed as follows:
- (1) The responsible officer must submit an electronic request for reinstatement to the Department through SEVIS.
- (2) The responsible officer must print a copy of the reinstatement request (draft copy of the Form DS-2019) from the SEVIS system.
- (3) The responsible officer must submit the official request along with the required supporting documentation justifying the reinstatement and the required, non-reimbursable fee (refer to §62.90-Fee) to the Department within 30 calendar days of the SEVIS submission date.
- (4) The Department will review the request. If approved, the Department will enter the approval in SEVIS, thereby opening the file so that the responsible officer may print a Form DS-2019. How is the sponsor going to know they received an answer to their re-

quest? The Department's approval is required before a Form DS-2019 can be printed. What happens if the request is denied?

- (b) An exchange visitor (and the accompanying spouse and any dependent children) who failed to submit a change of current U.S. address as required under §62.63 is in violation of the Exchange Visitor Program regulations and is not eligible for reinstatement. The Department will deny any such application for reinstatement.
- (c) An exchange visitor (and accompanying spouse and any dependent children) who is ineligible for reinstatement or whose request for reinstatement has been denied is no longer an Exchange Visitor Program participant. He or she cannot remain in the United States unless another lawful immigration status is obtained.

§62.78 Termination.

An exchange visitor who willfully or negligently fails to comply with the requirements established in Public Law 104–208, as amended, shall be terminated from the Exchange Visitor Program by the sponsor.

§62.79 Sanctions.

- (a) The Department of State shall impose sanctions against a sponsor that has:
- (1) Willfully or negligently failed to comply with the reporting requirements established in Public Law 104–208, as amended; or,
- (2) Produced SEVIS Forms DS-2019 outside the United States or a United States territory; or,
- (3) Whose authorized representatives fail to secure their SEVIS logon ID and password.
 - (b) [Reserved]

Subpart G [Reserved]

APPENDIX A TO PART 62—CERTIFICATION OF RESPONSIBLE OFFICERS AND SPONSORS

In accordance with the requirement at §514.5(c)(6), the text of the certifications shall read as follows:

- 1. Responsible Officers and Alternate Responsible Officers
- I hereby certify that I am the responsible officer (or alternate responsible officer,